

*BookletChart*TM



Gulf of Maine and Georges Bank

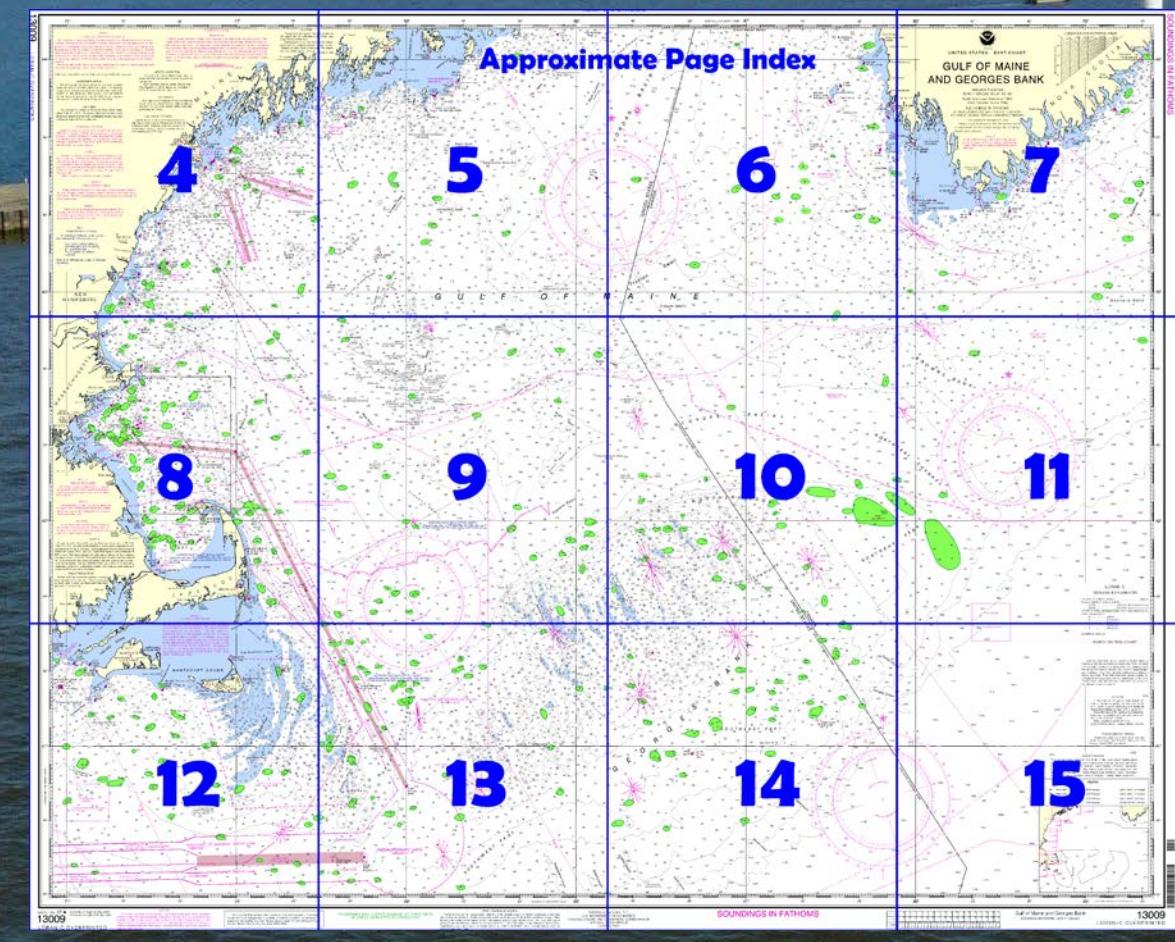
NOAA Chart 13009

A reduced-scale NOAA nautical chart for small boaters

When possible, use the full-size NOAA chart for navigation.



- *Complete, reduced-scale nautical chart*
 - *Print at home for free*
 - *Convenient size*
 - *Up-to-date with Notices to Mariners*
 - *Compiled by NOAA's Office of Coast Survey, the nation's chartmaker*



Published by the
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
National Ocean Service
Office of Coast Survey
www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov
888-990-NOAA

What are Nautical Charts?

Nautical charts are a fundamental tool of marine navigation. They show water depths, obstructions, buoys, other aids to navigation, and much more. The information is shown in a way that promotes safe and efficient navigation. Chart carriage is mandatory on the commercial ships that carry America's commerce. They are also used on every Navy and Coast Guard ship, fishing and passenger vessels, and are widely carried by recreational boaters.

What is a BookletChart™?

This BookletChart is made to help recreational boaters locate themselves on the water. It has been reduced in scale for convenience, but otherwise contains all the information of the full-scale nautical chart. The bar scales have also been reduced, and are accurate when used to measure distances in this BookletChart. See the Note at the bottom of page 5 for the reduction in scale applied to this chart.

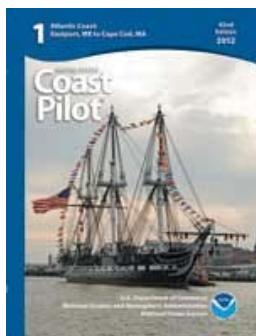
Whenever possible, use the official, full scale NOAA nautical chart for navigation. Nautical chart sales agents are listed on the Internet at <http://www.NauticalCharts.NOAA.gov>.

This BookletChart does NOT fulfill chart carriage requirements for regulated commercial vessels under Titles 33 and 44 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Notice to Mariners Correction Status

This BookletChart has been updated for chart corrections published in the U.S. Coast Guard Local Notice to Mariners, the National Geospatial Intelligence Agency Weekly Notice to Mariners, and, where applicable, the Canadian Coast Guard Notice to Mariners. Additional chart corrections have been made by NOAA in advance of their publication in a Notice to Mariners. The last Notices to Mariners applied to this chart are listed in the Note at the bottom of page 7. Coast Pilot excerpts are not being corrected.

For latest Coast Pilot excerpt visit the Office of Coast Survey website at <http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/nsd/searchbychart.php?chart=13009>.



(Selected Excerpts from Coast Pilot)

Browns Bank ($42^{\circ}38'N$, $65^{\circ}52'W$) as defined by the 50-fathom curve, is 56 miles long east and west, and has an average width of 15 miles. Near the western end of the bank is a sandy ridge with depths of 16 to 28 fathoms. Between the inner 50-fathom curve of Browns Bank and the coastal bank at the southwestern end of Nova Scotia are depths of 47 to 88 fathoms. Browns Bank is a feeding and mating habitat for endangered North Atlantic right

whales in late summer and early fall (peak season: July through October).

Cape Sable ($43^{\circ}24'N$, $65^{\circ}37'W$), the southern extremity of Nova Scotia, is marked with a light and a fog signal; a racon is at the light. The principal dangers off Cape Sable, Brazil Rock and Blonde Rock, are marked by lighted whistle buoys. Seal Island, 17.5 miles west of Cape Sable, has a light, and fog signal near the southern end.

Lurcher Shoal ($43^{\circ}50'N$, $66^{\circ}30'W$), 13 miles off the west coast of Nova Scotia, has a least depth of $1\frac{1}{4}$ fathoms. It is the most westerly danger off the coast of Nova Scotia in the approaches to the Bay of Fundy. It is marked by lighted whistle buoys on its southwestern and northeastern ends. Lurcher Shoal West Lighted Whistle Buoy, about 6 miles southwest of the shoal, is equipped with a racon. Lurcher Shoal is a feeding habitat for endangered North Atlantic right whales in late summer and early fall (peak season: July through October).

U.S. Coast Guard Rescue Coordination Center
24 hour Regional Contact for Emergencies

RCC Boston

Commander

1st CG District
Boston, MA

(617) 223-8555

Table of Selected Chart Notes

Corrected through NM Sep. 4/10
Corrected through LNM Aug. 31/10

HORIZONTAL DATUM

The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the World Geodetic System of 1984 (WGS 84). Geographic positions referred to the North American Datum of 1927 do not require conversion to NAD 83 for plotting on this chart.

71° 40' 20' 70° 40'

NOTE B
TRAFFIC SEPARATION SCHEMES

One-way traffic lanes overprinted on this chart are RECOMMENDED for use by all vessels traveling between the points involved. They have been designed to aid in the prevention of collisions at the approaches to Portland Harbor, Boston Harbor and New York Harbor, but are not intended in any way to supersede or alter the applicable Rules of the Road. Separation zones are intended to separate inbound and outbound traffic and to be free of ship traffic. Separation zones should not be used except for crossing purposes. When crossing traffic lanes and separation zones use extreme caution.

Recommended traffic lanes have been established for the approach to Narragansett Bay and Buzzards Bay. See Charts 12300 and 13218.

Additional information can be obtained at nauticalcharts.noaa.gov.

HORIZONTAL DATUM

The horizontal reference datum of this chart is North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), which for charting purposes is considered equivalent to the World Geodetic System of 1984 (WGS 84). Geographic positions referred to the North American Datum of 1927 do not require conversion to NAD 83 for plotting on this chart.

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MAGNETIC VARIATION

Magnetic variation curves are for 2010 derived from 2010 World Magnetic Model and accompanying secular change. If annual change is in same direction as variation it is additive and the variation is increasing. If annual change is opposite in direction to variation it is subtractive and the variation is decreasing.

NOTE A

Navigation regulations are published in Chapter 2, U.S. Coast Pilots 1 & 2. Additions or revisions to Chapter 2 are published in the Notice to Mariners. Information concerning the regulations may be obtained at the Office of the Commander, 1st Coast Guard District in Boston, MA or at the Office of the District Engineer, Corps of Engineers in Concord, MA.

Refer to charted regulation section numbers.

NOTE C
PRECAUTIONARY AREAS

Traffic within the Precautionary Areas may consist of vessels operating between Portland Harbor or Boston Harbor and one of the established traffic lanes. Mariners are advised to exercise extreme care in navigating within these areas.

NOTE E

Trawlers or other vessels should exercise caution while dragging the ocean floor within a 6.7 - mile radius of Isles of Shoals Light since it is known that JATO racks and associated debris exist in the area.

NOTE J

DEEPWATER PORTS
The Neptune and Northeast Gateway Deepwater Ports are encompassed by multiple boundaries including an Area to Be Avoided, No Anchoring Areas, Regulated Navigation Areas, and Safety and Security Zones. Refer to chart 13267.

NOTE F
(Protected area 15 CFR 922)

The following activities are prohibited within the Stellwagen Bank Marine Sanctuary:

Certain discharging or dumping
Industrial exploring or developing
Drilling and dredging
Removing historical artifacts
Lightering

Refer to 15 CFR 922 for details of Sanctuary regulations.

NEW HAMPSHIRE



NOTE D

TRAFFIC SEPARATION SCHEMES

TRAFFIC SEPARATION SCHEMES

CURRENT DIAGRAM

Explanation

Directions and velocities of tidal currents at twenty-five stations are shown by arrows. The length of the arrow from the center of the circle represents the average velocity on a scale of one inch equals two knots. The figures at the arrow heads are the hours after the time of maximum flood at Pollock Rip Channel, the daily predicted times of which are given in the National Ocean Service Tidal Current Tables, Atlantic Coast of North America. The velocities plotted should be increased by 20 percent when the moon is full or new and decreased by 20 percent when the moon is in first or third quarters. For effect of wind on tidal currents, see Tidal Current Tables, Atlantic Coast.

SCALE OF VELOCITIES

1 0 1 2 KNOTS

AIDS TO NAVIGATION

Consult U.S. Coast Guard Light List for supplemental information concerning aids to navigation.

See Canadian List of Lights, Buoys and Fog Signals for information not included in the U.S. Coast Guard Light List.

AUTHORITIES

Hydrography and topography by the National Ocean Service, Coast Survey, with additional data from the US Coast Guard, British Admiralty, and Canadian Charts.

POLLUTION REPORTS

Report all spills of oil and hazardous substances to the National Response Center via 1-800-424-8802 (toll free), or to the nearest U.S. Coast Guard facility if telephone communication is impossible (43 CFR 153).

Rot W & G RTR 1490 kHz AERO

Fl 4s 1011.24M HORN

Rot W & G (use chart 13288)

Fl 2(2)s 77R 8M HORN

(use chart 13288)

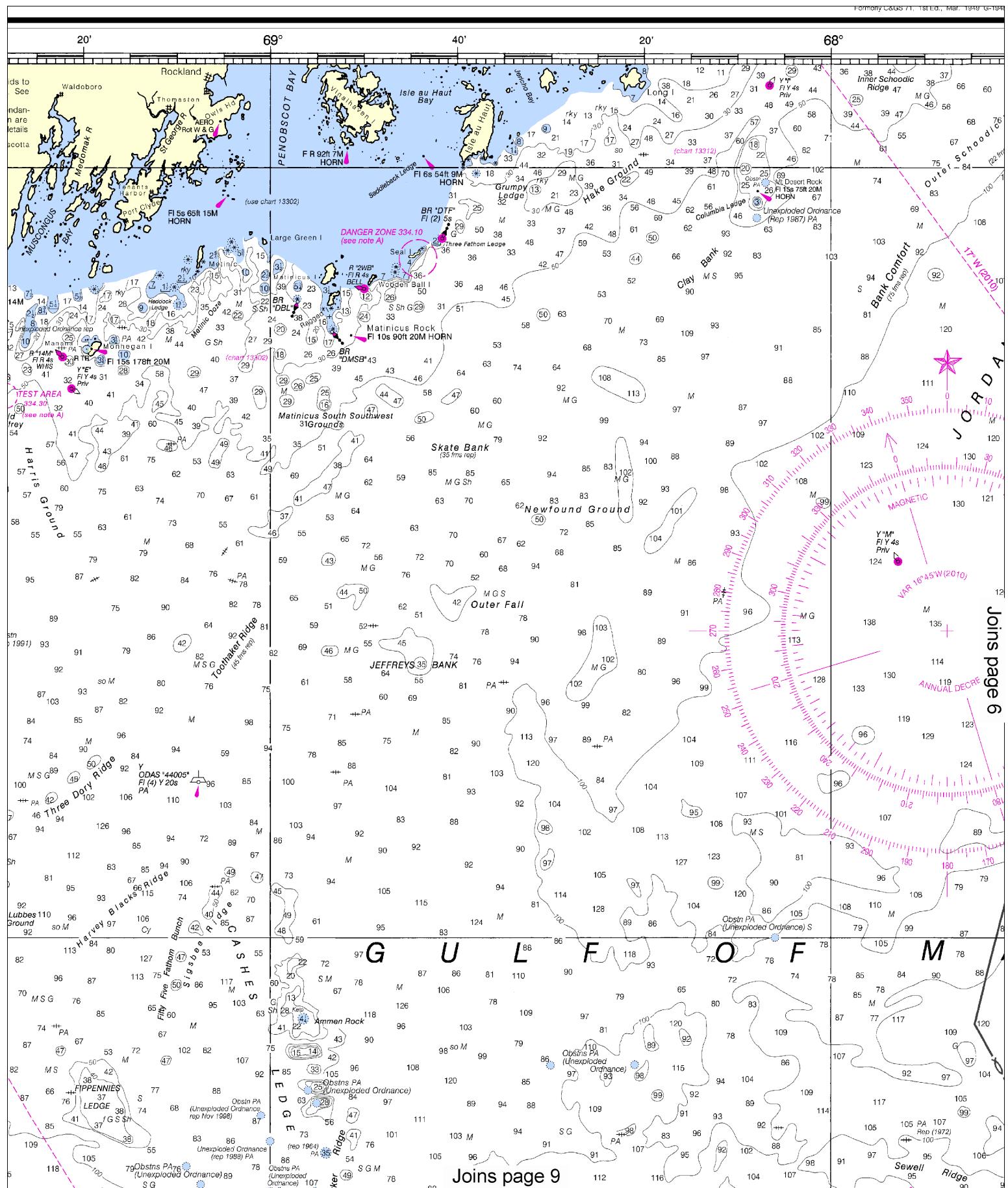
RTR 1490 kHz (WVTO) 730kHz

Fl 4s 1011.24M HORN

(use chart 13288)

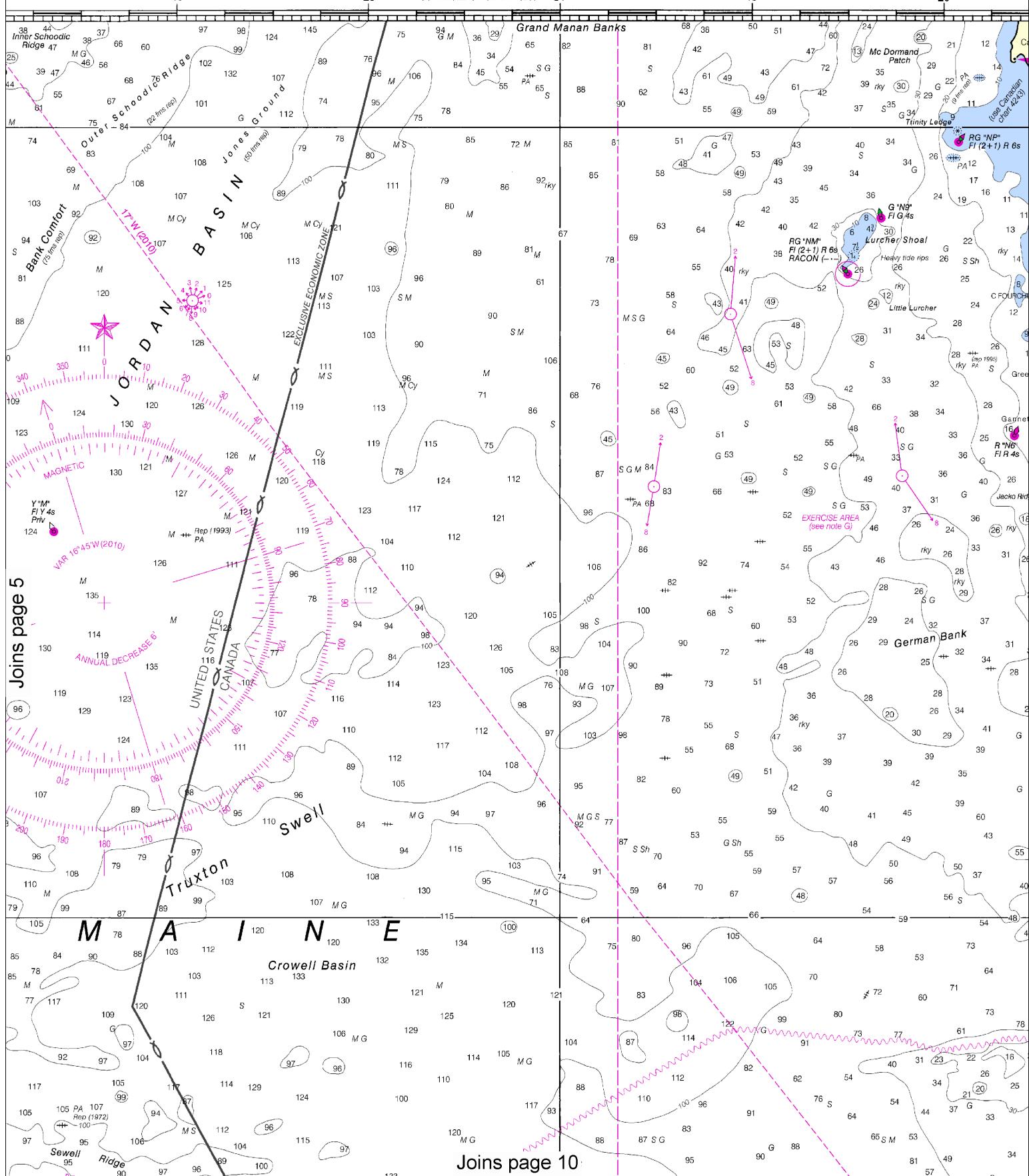
Fl 4s 1011.24M HORN

(use chart

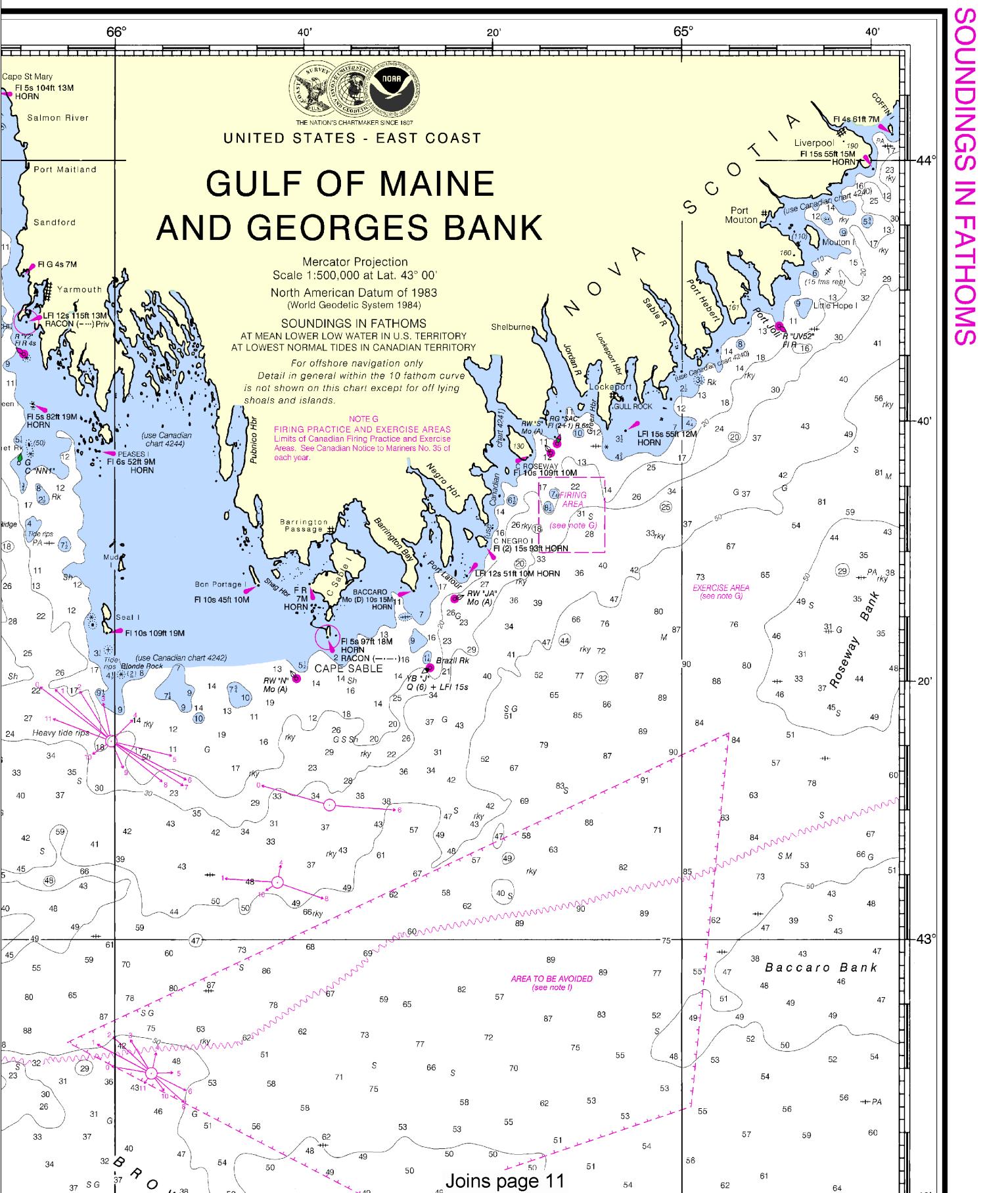


This BookletChart was reduced to 70% of the original chart scale.
The new scale is 1:714286. Barscales have also been reduced and
are accurate when used to measure distances in this BookletChart.

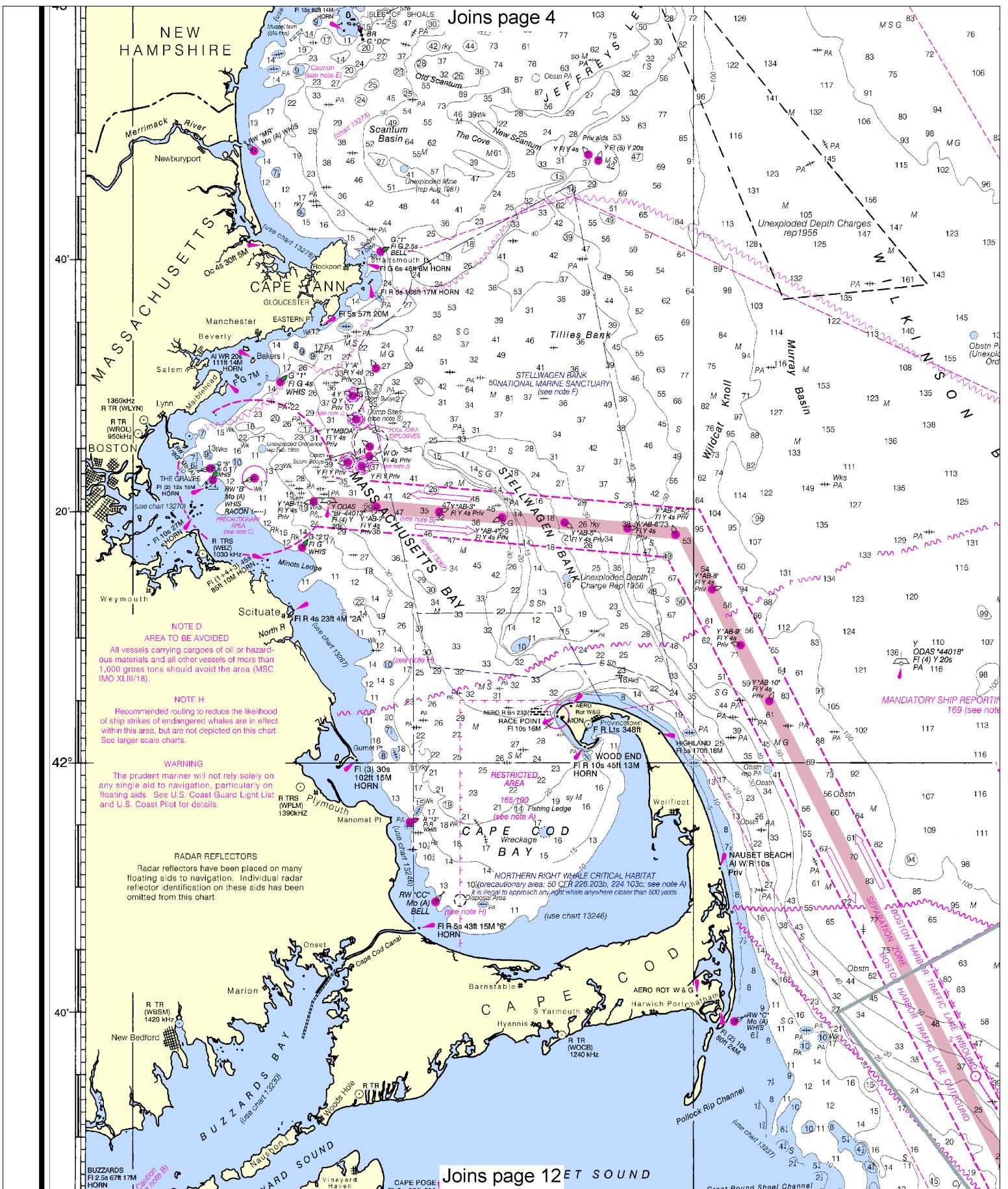
NUED ON CHART 13260 67°

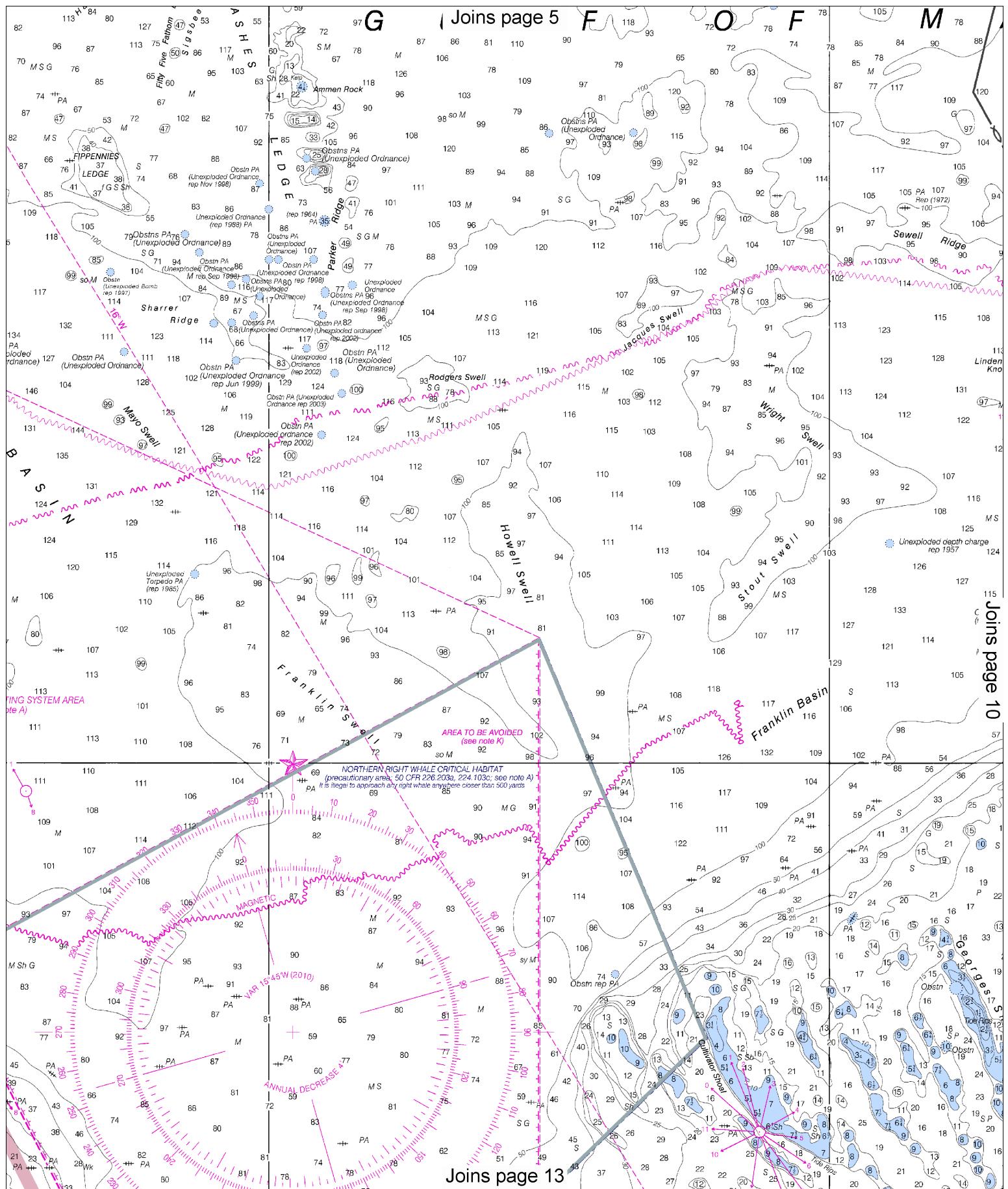


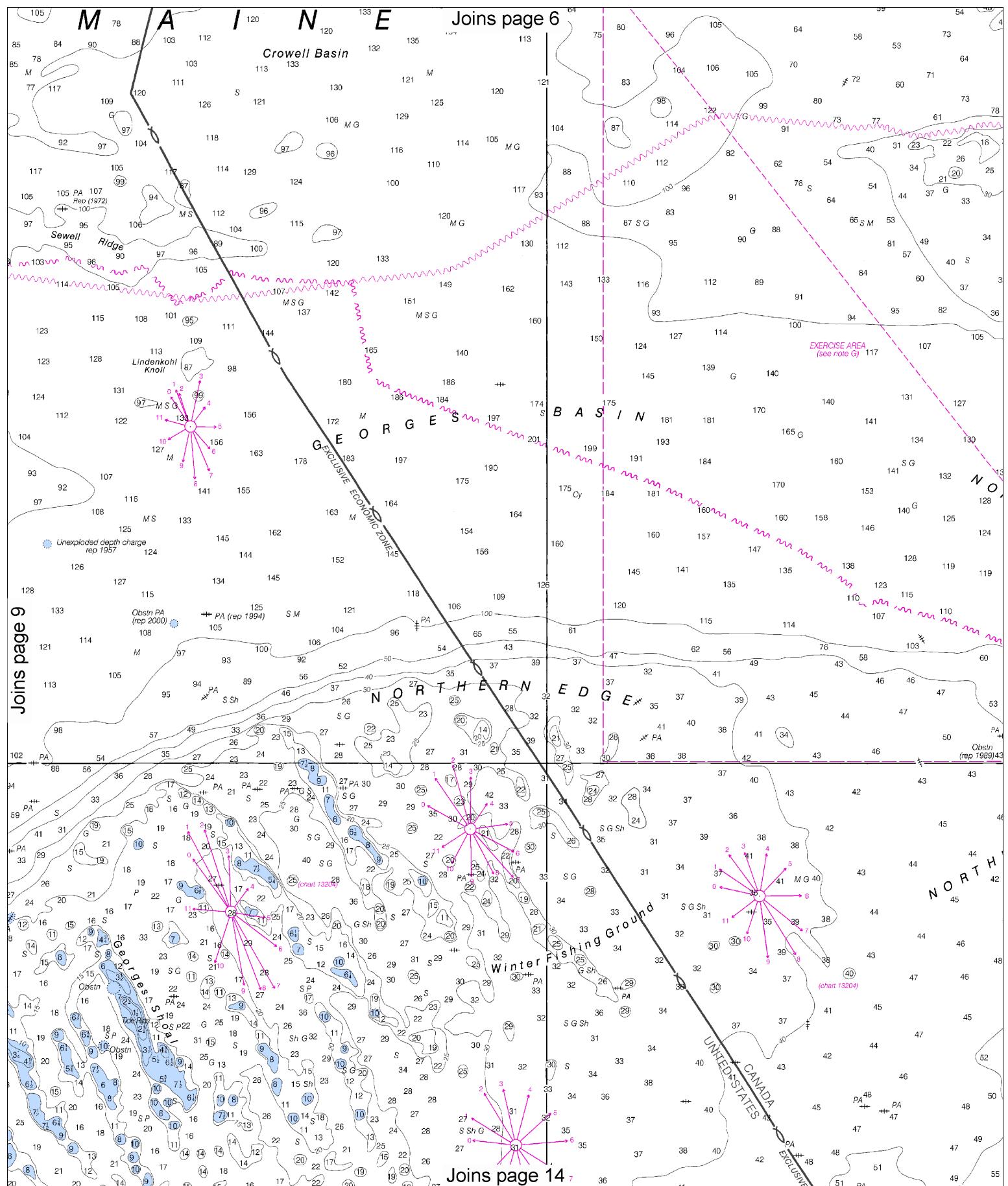
Note: Chart grid lines are aligned with true north.



This BookletChart has been updated through: Coast Guard Local Notice To Mariners: 0413 1/22/2013,
NGA Weekly Notice to Mariners: 0613 2/9/2013,
Canadian Coast Guard Notice to Mariners: 1112 11/30/2012.

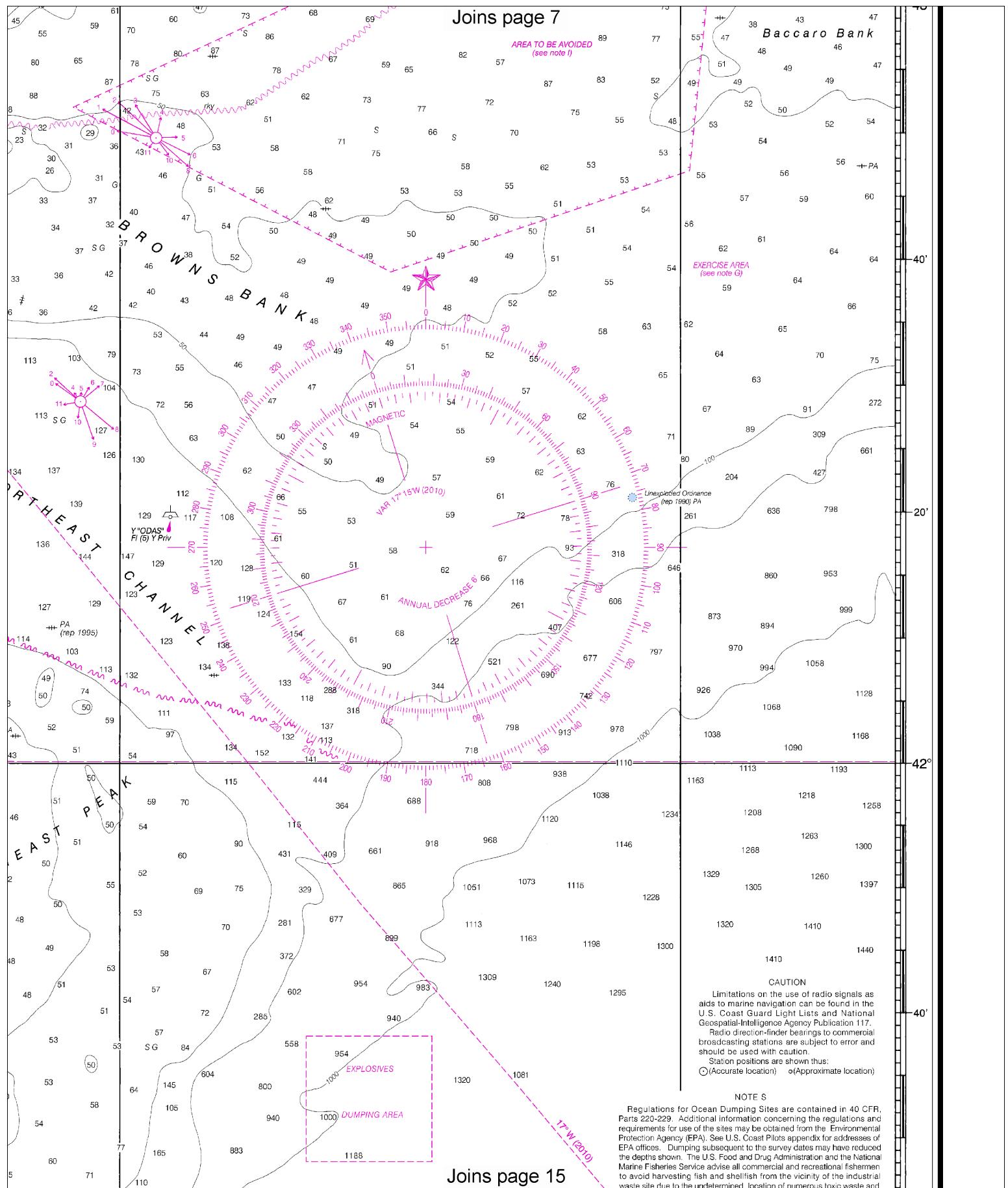




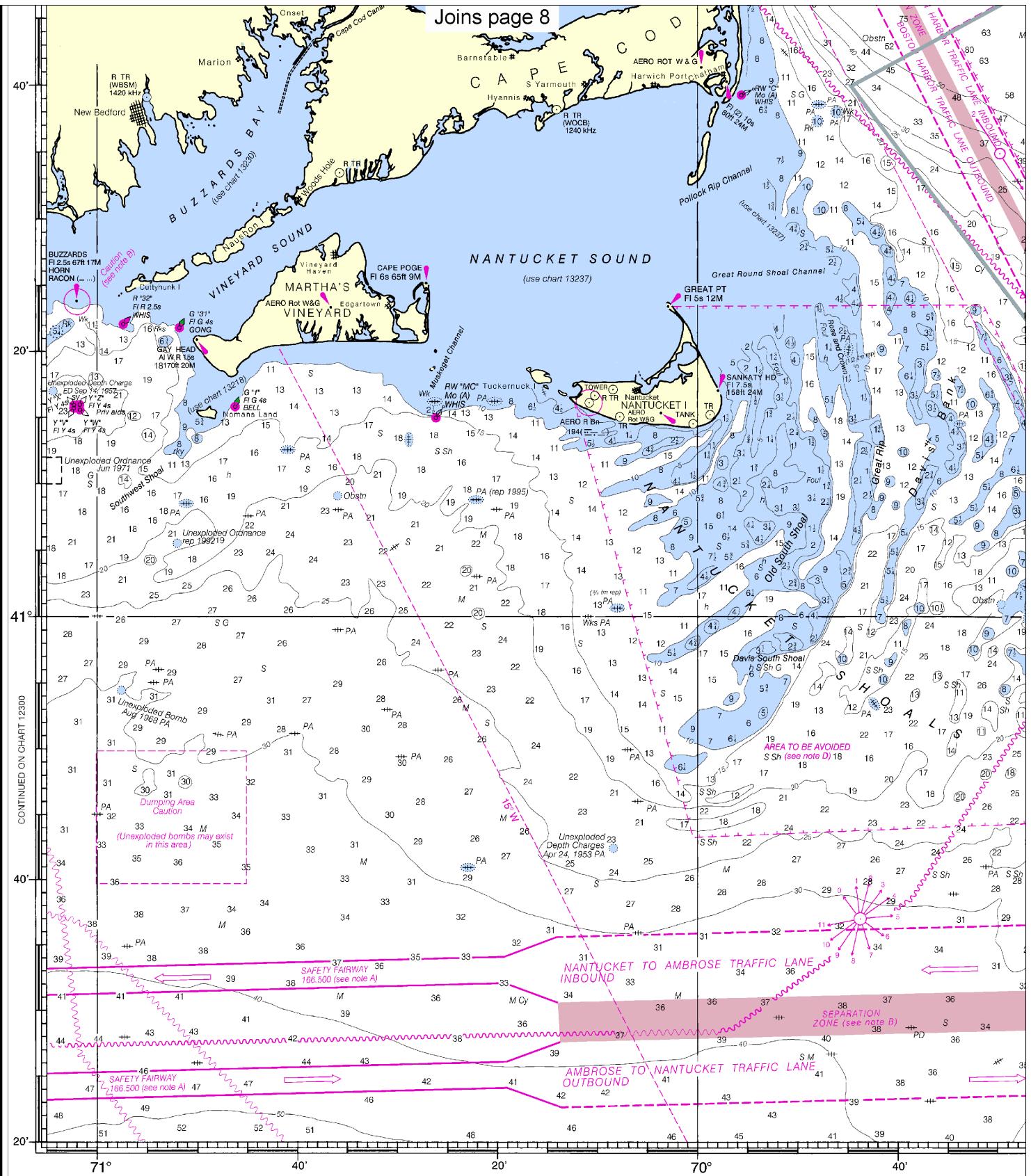


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Note: Chart grid lines are aligned with true north.



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35th Ed., Sep./10

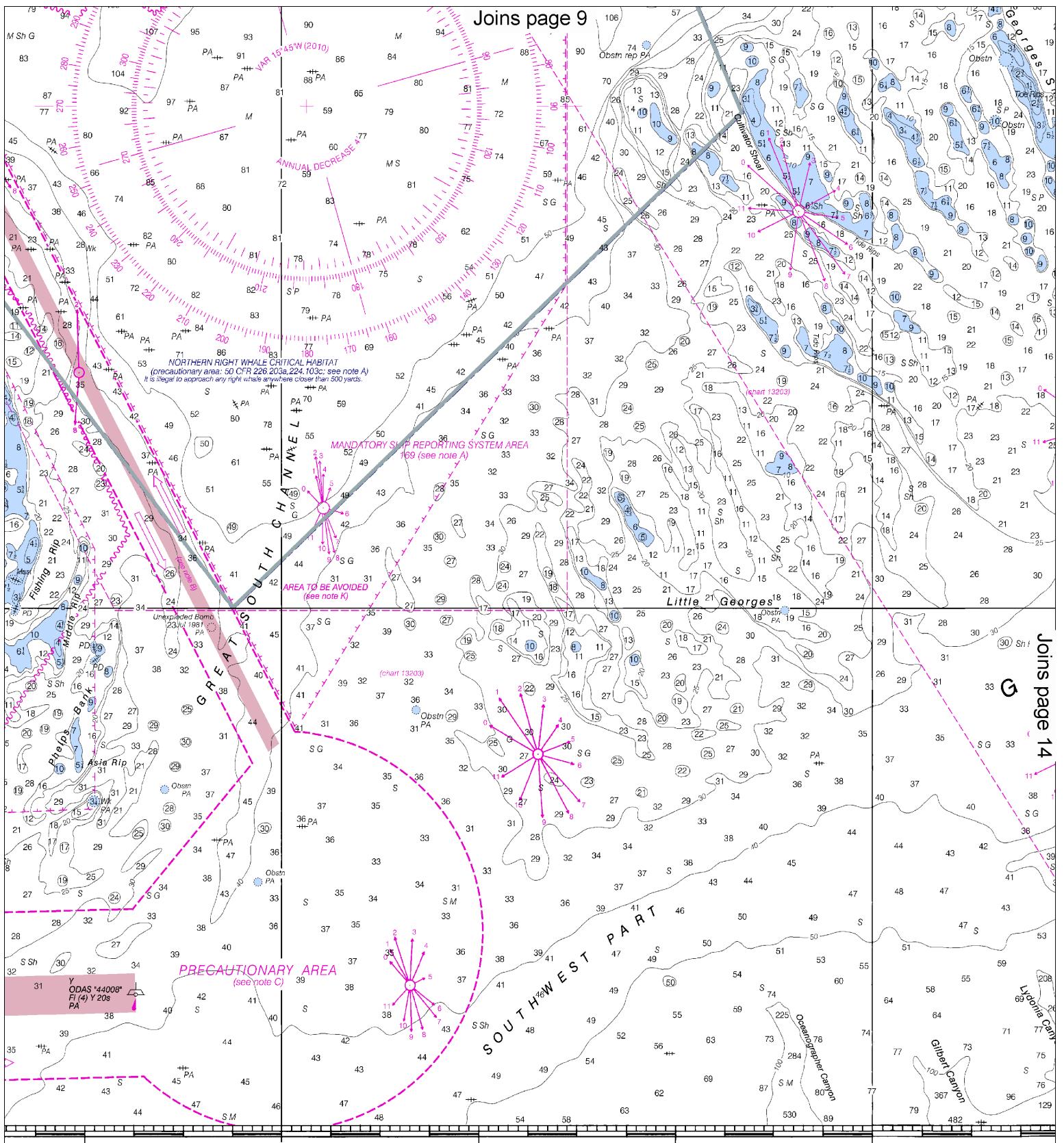
Corrected through NM Sep. 4/10
Corrected through LNM Aug. 31/10

CAUTION
This chart has been corrected from the Notice to Mariners (NM) published weekly by the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency and the Local Notice to Mariners (LNM) issued periodically by each U.S. Coast Guard district to the dates shown in the lower left hand corner. Chart updates corrected from Notice to Mariners published after the dates shown in the lower left hand corner are available at nauticalcharts.noaa.gov.

This nautical chart has been designed to promote safe navigation. The National Ocean Service encourages users to submit corrections, additions, or comments for improving this chart to the Chief, Marine Chart Division (N/CS2), National Ocean Service, NOAA, Silver Spring, Maryland 20910-3282.

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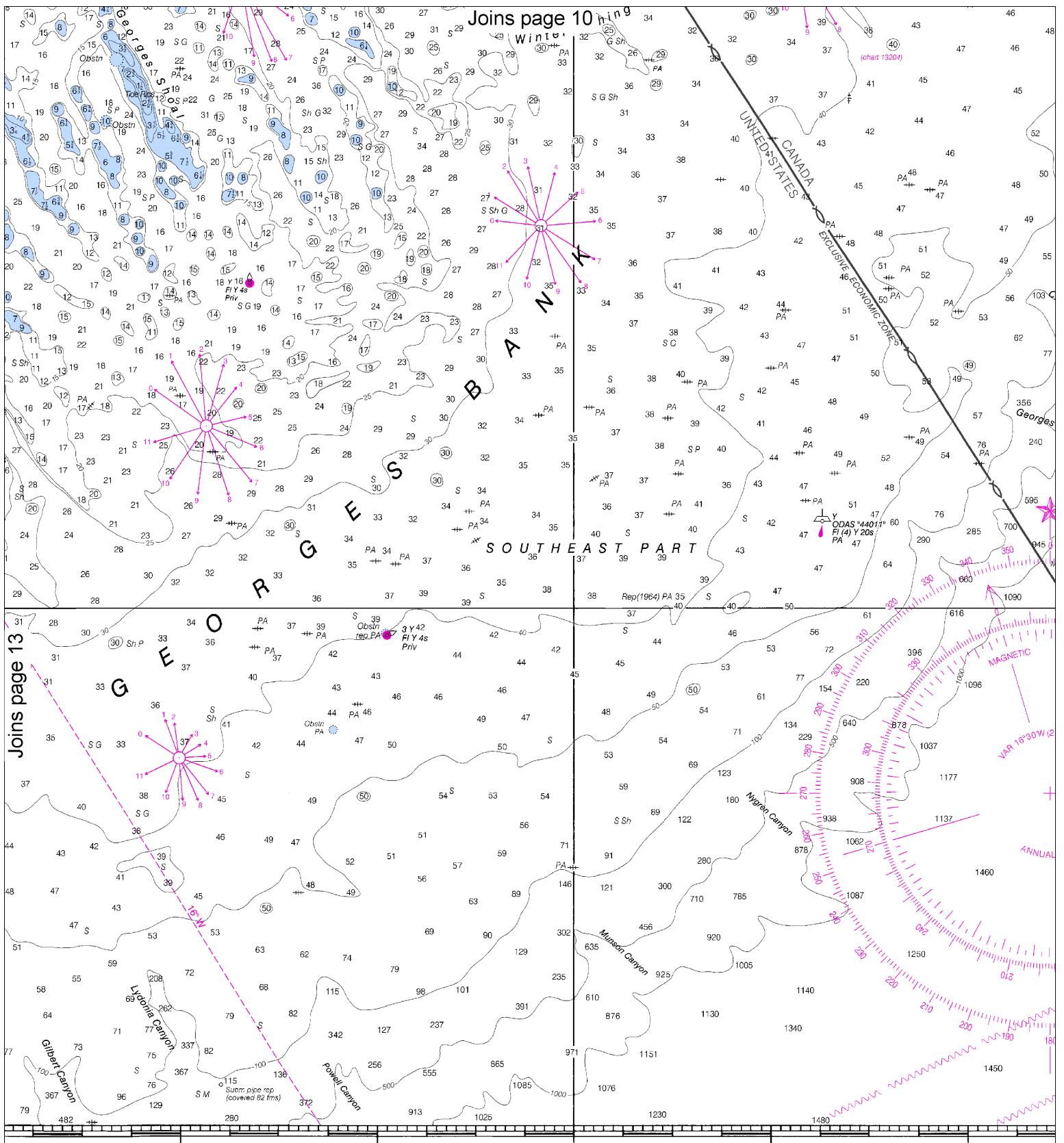
Note: Chart grid lines are aligned with true north.



PRINT-ON-DEMAND CHARTS

NOAA and its partner, OceanGrafix, offer this chart updated weekly by NOAA for Notices to Mariners and critical corrections. Charts are printed when ordered using Print-on-Demand technology. New Editions are available 2-8 weeks before their release as traditional NOAA charts. Ask your chart agent about Print-on-Demand charts or contact NOAA at <http://oceansdata.nodc.noaa.gov/lors/inquiry.aspx>, or OceanGrafix at 1-877-56CHART or <http://www.oceangrafix.com>.

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NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE
COAST SURVEY



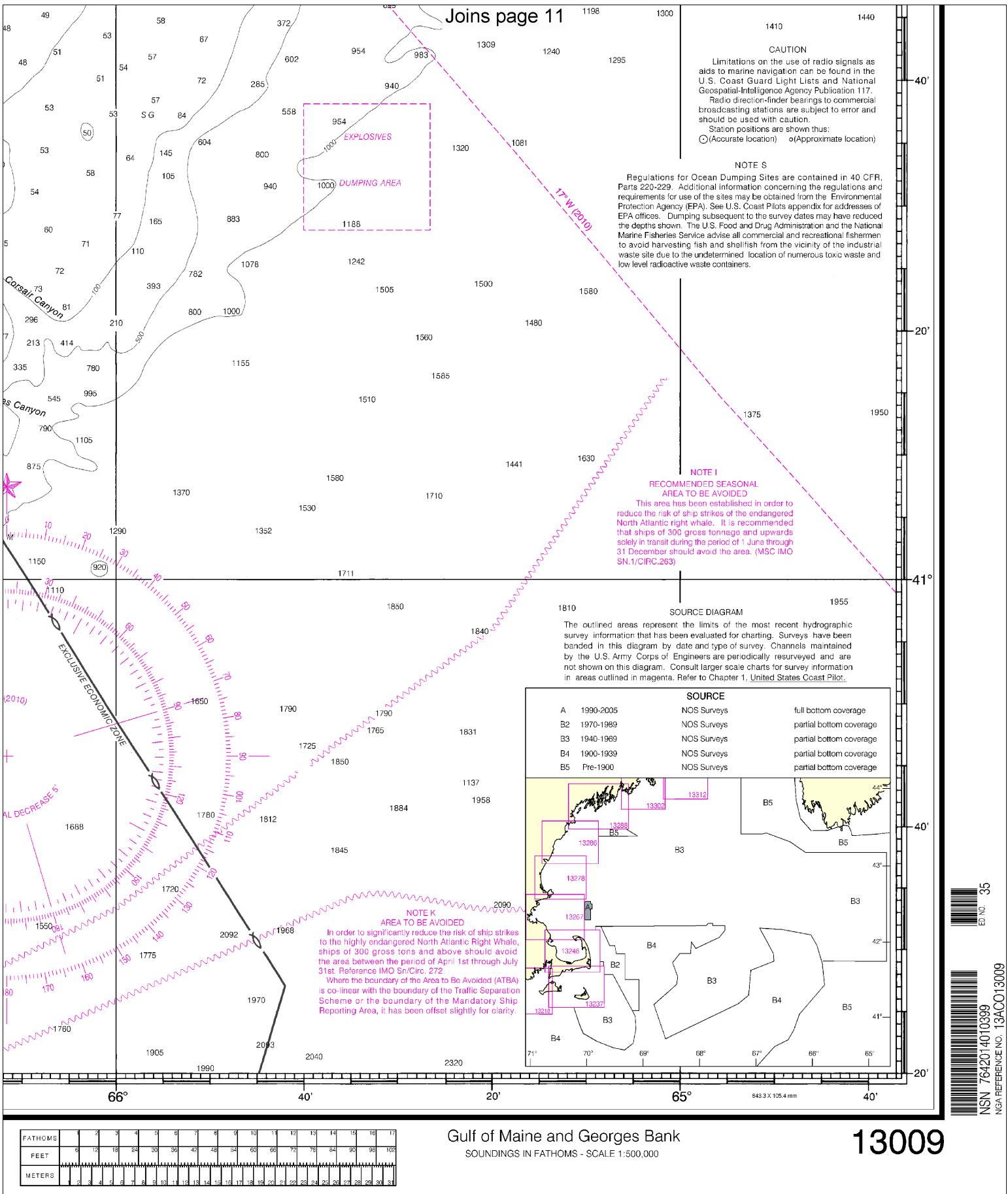
SOUNDINGS IN FATHOMS

14

Note: Chart grid
lines are aligned
with true north.

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OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION
NATIONAL OCEAN SERVICE
COAST SURVEY

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NSN 7642-140-10399
NGA REFERENCE NO. 134013009



EMERGENCY INFORMATION

VHF Marine Radio channels for use on the waterways:

Channel 6 – Inter-ship safety communications.

Channel 9 – Communications between boats and ship-to-coast.

Channel 13 – Navigation purposes at bridges, locks, and harbors.

Channel 16 – Emergency, distress and safety calls to Coast Guard and others, and to initiate calls to other

vessels. Contact the other vessel, agree to another channel, and then switch.

Channel 22A – Calls between the Coast Guard and the public. Severe weather warnings, hazards to navigation and safety warnings are broadcast here.

Channels 68, 69, 71, 72 and 78A – Recreational boat channels.

Getting and Giving Help — Signal other boaters using visual distress signals (flares, orange flag, lights, arm signals); whistles; horns; and on your VHF radio. You are required by law to help boaters in trouble. Respond to distress signals, but do not endanger yourself.

Distress Call Procedures

- Make sure radio is on.
- Select Channel 16.
- Press/Hold the transmit button.
- Clearly say: "MAYDAY, MAYDAY, MAYDAY."
- Also give: Vessel Name and/or Description; Position and/or Location; Nature of Emergency; Number of People on Board.
- Release transmit button.
- Wait for 10 seconds — If no response Repeat MAYDAY call.

HAVE ALL PERSONS PUT ON LIFE JACKETS!



NOAA Weather Radio All Hazards (NWR) is a nationwide network of radio stations broadcasting continuous weather information directly from the nearest National Weather Service office. NWR broadcasts official Weather Service warnings, watches, forecasts and other hazard information 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

<http://www.nws.noaa.gov/nwr/>

Quick References

Nautical chart related products and information	— http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov
Online chart viewer	— http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/mcd/NOAACharterViewer.html
Report a chart discrepancy	— http://ocsdata.ncd.noaa.gov/idrs/discrepancy.aspx
Chart and chart related inquiries and comments	— http://ocsdata.ncd.noaa.gov/idrs/inquiry.aspx?frompage=ContactUs
Chart updates (LNM and NM corrections)	— http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/mcd/updates/LNM_NM.html
Coast Pilot online	— http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/nsd/cpdownload.htm
Tides and Currents	— http://tidesandcurrents.noaa.gov
Marine Forecasts	— http://www.nws.noaa.gov/om/marine/home.htm
National Data Buoy Center	— http://www.ndbc.noaa.gov/
NowCoast web portal for coastal conditions	— http://www.nowcoast.noaa.gov/
National Weather Service	— http://www.weather.gov/
National Hurricane Center	— http://www.nhc.noaa.gov/
Pacific Tsunami Warning Center	— http://ptwc.weather.gov/
Contact Us	— http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/staff/contact.htm



For the latest news from Coast Survey, follow @nauticalcharts



This Booklet chart has been designed for duplex printing (printed on front and back of one sheet). If a duplex option is not available on your printer, you may print each sheet and arrange them back-to-back to allow for the proper layout when viewing.

NOAA's Office of Coast Survey



The Nation's Chartmaker